Corrigendum: Water Practice and Technology 14 (1), 229–239: Phycocyanin as a proxy for algal blooms in surface waters: case study of Ukerewe Island, Tanzania, Geofrey J. Mchau, Edna Makule, Revocatus Machunda, Yun Yun Gong and Martin Kimanya

The authors regret that there were some errors in the text. The corrected text is given below.

## INTRODUCTION

Page 229, Second paragraph should be shown as:

Toxins can be classified on the basis of the symptoms produced in humans and other vertebrates – e.g., hepatotoxins, neurotoxins and irritant-dermal toxins. The hepatotoxins include the microcystin (MC) toxins such as MC-LR, MC-RR and MC-YR, which have high potential for contaminating drinking water (Carmichael *et al.* 2001).